

# The sun is inexhaustible

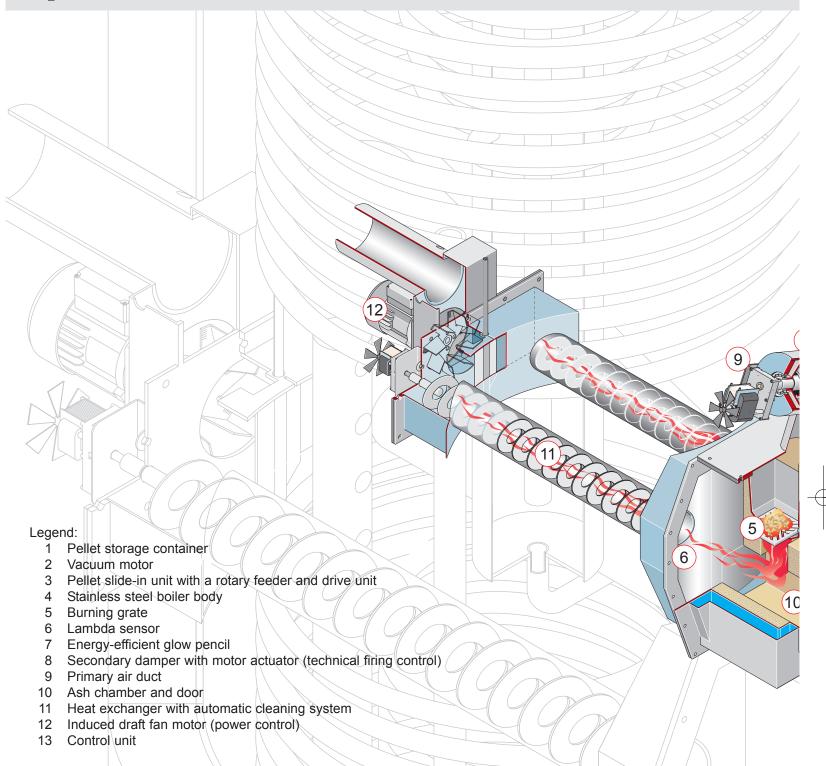
The sun delivers enough energy within only 3 hours to cover the annual energy requirement of the total population of the earth.

## The forest

The forest requires as much harmful CO<sub>2</sub> for growth as is later released when burning wood or decaying wood. No matter if the wood is burned or decays into rich soil in the forest.



## pellet<sup>plus</sup> • revolutionary technology



#### Technology and combustion principle

The **pellet**<sup>plus</sup> was specifically developed for the combustion of pellets. The revolutionary downburn technology guarantees an excellent burnoff of the pellets and therefore guarantees a clean environment.

- The capacity and firing control fully automatically optimizes the burner.
- Downburn technology
- Lambda sensor technology

#### System technology - dual concept

The **pellet**<sup>plus</sup> combines the energy of the sun and the pellet firing in one "energy center".

The burner no longer has to compensate the missing temperature difference upon requirement. The 100% use of the solar energy is therefore achieved.

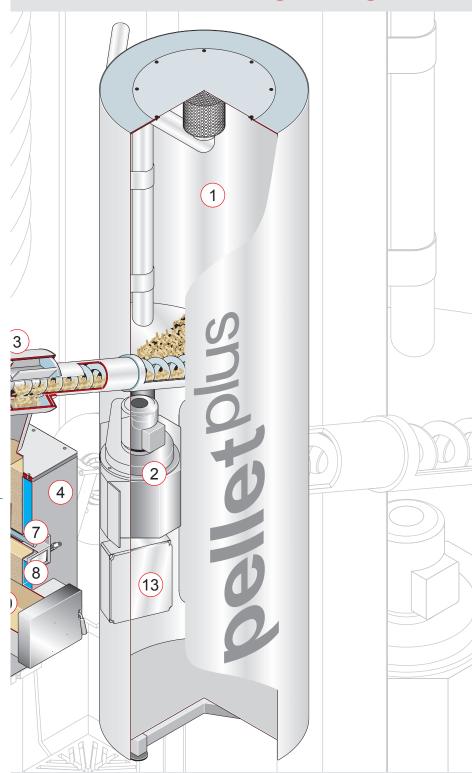
- No residual heat storage losses
- No rearrangement losses
- No residual boiler heat losses

#### In the tightest space - perfectly solv

The **pellet**<sup>plus</sup> - make "ONE" ou "THREE" - storage tank, tap w tank and pellet boiler are one within the **pellet**<sup>plus</sup>.

- Minimum assembly cost
- Power cost reduction and sp reduction due to the omission loading pumps and valves
- Centralized power manageme
- Lowest space requirement

### modern design • greatest economy



Solar charge - fresh water technology - quick and pure

it of The solar charge is produced in the **pellet**plus by the patentater ed thermosyphon layer charging lance. The solar heat is unit thereby layered into the best temperature zone. The generously dimensioned stainless steel register produces a hygienic tap water treatment in a continuous system.

ace

- The availability of fresh water free of legionella
- Layered loading of the tank n of
  - Solar heating support

nt

#### THE COMPONENTS

#### **SOLARFOCUS**

Biomass heater systems

**Energy from** "stored solar power"

The energy source of wood (pellets) burns almost sulfur-free and CO2-neutral as

opposed to fossil fuels.

Heating within the cycle of nature. The CO<sub>2</sub> released by

the combustion is reused to build a new biomass.



#### **SOLARFOCUS**

Storage technology

... hot water in the hot zone, warm water in the warm zone

The clue to "correctly placing" the energy source of water into the "correct zone" without mixing cold water with warm water. The large storage volume also guarantees the best possible heat output during the transition period and during the cold season.

#### **SOLARFOCUS**

Solar systems

**Energy without pollutants** 

We can use the enormous heat potential of the sun due to the innovative technology of solar collectors.

- **Economical**
- Inexhaustible
- Independent
- Free of charge

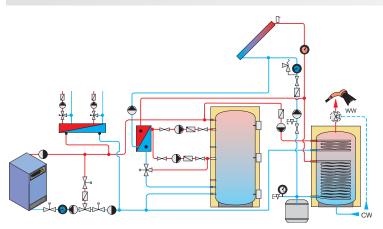


## - SOLARFOCUS Solar & Pellets -

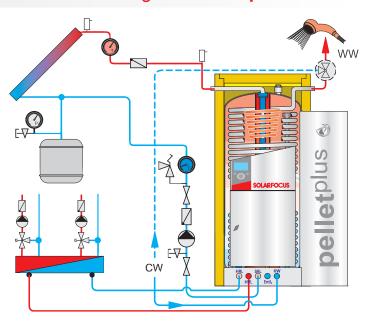
#### ... simple hydraulics

The **pellet**<sup>plus</sup> - make "ONE" out of "FOUR" - storage tank, tap water tank, solar components and pellet tanks are one unit in the **pellet**<sup>plus</sup>. Enormous expenses are already saved during the installation due to a far lower material and assembly volume.

#### Connection diagram standard



#### Connection diagram of the pelletplus



#### Capacity and firing control

#### The induced draft fan:

The combustion air needed in various areas is vacuumed by the speed-controlled induced draft fan. It is controlled by the microprocessor which is built-in in the control and/or by the measuring values determined by the lambda sensor.



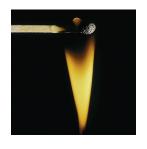
#### The lambda sensor:

This technological advance was continuously expanded as the first user of the lambda sensor in boiler construction (since 1981). The best combustion values and especially a long service life of the lambda sensor have only been achieved by arranging the lambda sensor in the combustion chamber (patent).



#### The downburn technique:

A perfect combustion is achieved by the downburn technique. There are no movable parts in the combustion chamber.



### Your personal bio-power plant

#### Combustion efficiency



Partial load:

Full load:

System efficiency:

97.5%
96.0%
94.2%

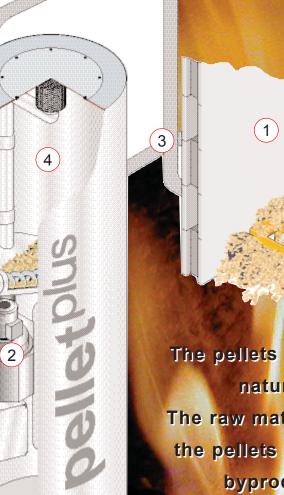
Pellet supply

The pellets are delivered by tanker trucks and are delivered into the storage area completely clean, dust-free and without any problem odors.

The pellets travel through the vacuum motor (2) and a hose (3) into the storage tank (4) from the storage area (1).

The pellet feed (5) transports the pellets into the combustion chamber via the patented single axle rotary feeder (6), in which they are automatically ignit-

ed.



#### >> Pellets << Local fuel

Heating value:

1 kg pellets equal approx. 5 kWh 2 kg of pellets = 1l of heating oil

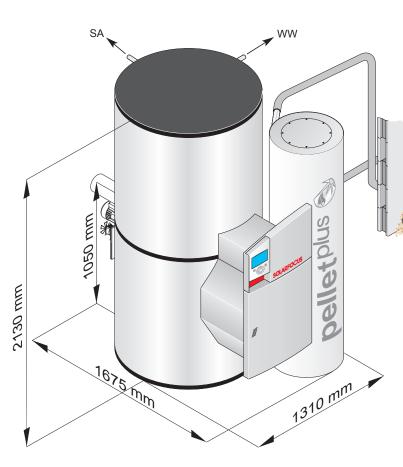
Storage volume:

 $1\ m^3$  equals approx. 650 kg

The pellets consist of 100% natural wood.

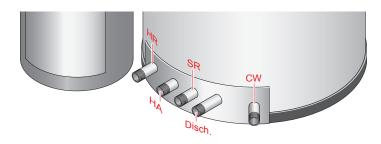
The raw material to produce the pellets is generally the byproduct of the wood-processing industry.

## Technical data of the pelletplus



Precise technical data are listed separately in a data sheet. We retain the right for technical modifications.

#### Clear connecting plate



SA = Solar- advance (1") (TOP)

WW = Warm water (1") (TOP)

HR = Heater - return (1")

HA = Heater - advance (1")

SR = Solar return (1")

Disch. = Discharge (1")

CW = Cold water (1")



	SISP-T	SISP-H
Capacity (kW)	3,9 - 14	
Fire tube ø (mm)	130	130
Weight approx. (kg)	460	370
Weight approx.(kg) Pellet tank with vacuum motor	65	65
Water content (I)	800	800
Storage volume (I)	100	100
Tank Ø (mm) without insulation	790	790
Tapping capacity (I/h)  Hot water temperature 45°C at a tank temperature of 60°C Capacity of 53 kW	1300	
Tapping capacity (I/h)  Hot water temperature 45°C at a tank temperature of 70°C Capacity of 62 kW	1500	
NL (DIN 4708)	2,5	<b>—</b> -

#### ... tested high technology











#### Everything from one source, with 25 years of experience:

**SOLARFOCUS** solar systems - **SOLARFOCUS** biomass heating - **SOLARFOCUS** storage technology

Your specialised dealer



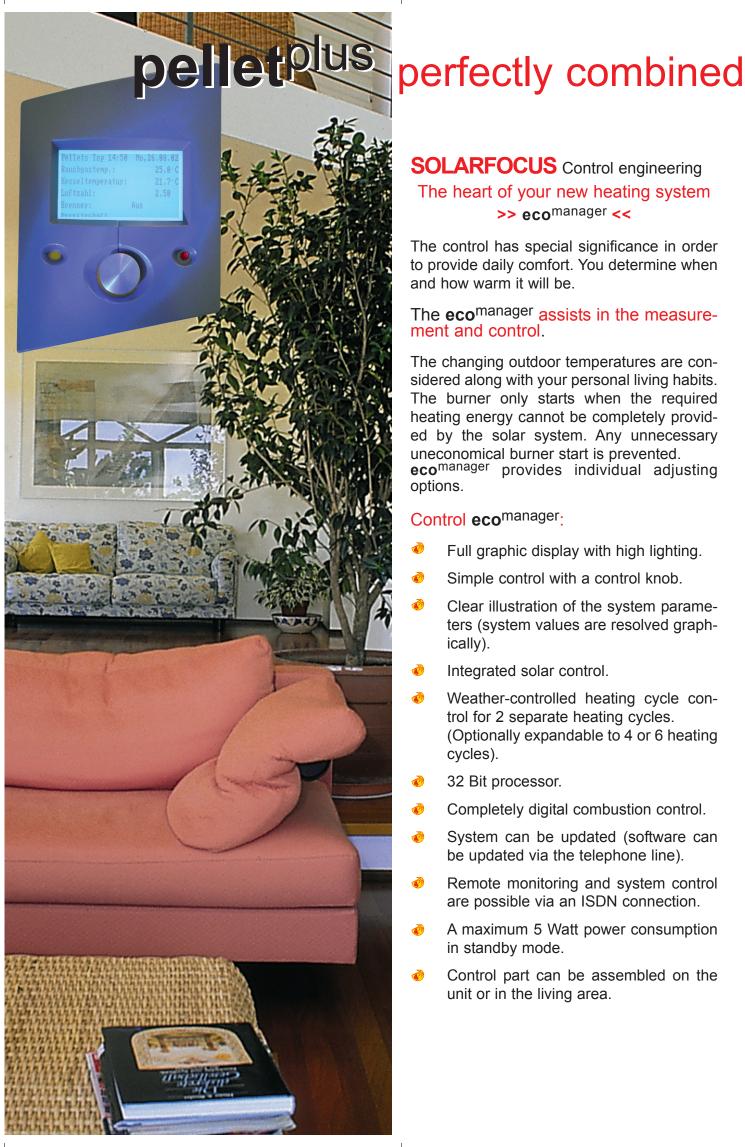
SOLARFOCUS GmbH Werkstraße 1 A-4451 St. Ulrich/Steyr

e-mail: office@solarfocus.at

Tel.: +43 (0)7252 / 50 002-0

Fax: +43 (0)7252 / 50 002-10





#### **SOLARFOCUS** Control engineering

The heart of your new heating system

>> ecomanager <<

The control has special significance in order to provide daily comfort. You determine when and how warm it will be.

The ecomanager assists in the measurement and control.

The changing outdoor temperatures are considered along with your personal living habits. The burner only starts when the required heating energy cannot be completely provided by the solar system. Any unnecessary uneconomical burner start is prevented. ecomanager provides individual adjusting options.

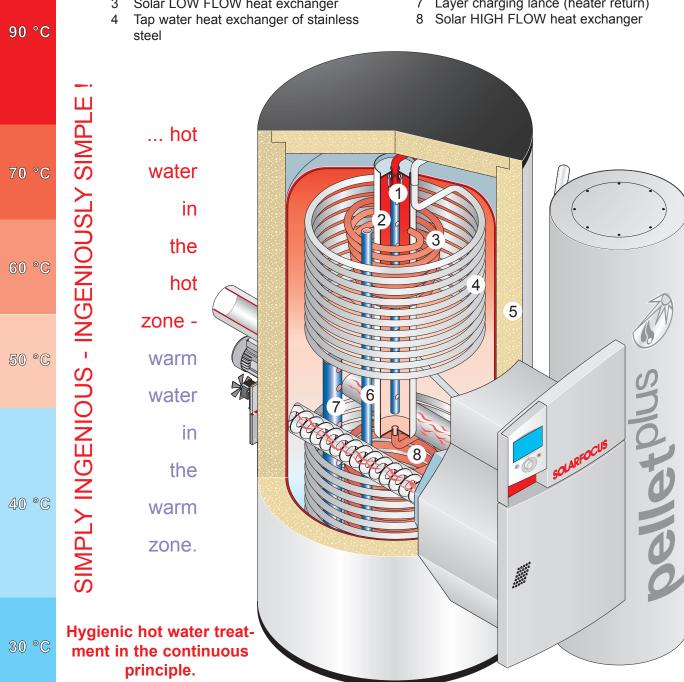
#### Control ecomanager:

- Full graphic display with high lighting.
- Simple control with a control knob.
- Clear illustration of the system parameters (system values are resolved graphically).
- Integrated solar control.
- Weather-controlled heating cycle control for 2 separate heating cycles. (Optionally expandable to 4 or 6 heating cycles).
- 32 Bit processor.
- Completely digital combustion control.
- System can be updated (software can be updated via the telephone line).
- Remote monitoring and system control are possible via an ISDN connection.
- A maximum 5 Watt power consumption in standby mode.
- Control part can be assembled on the unit or in the living area.

### "smart" layered - great savings!

#### Legend:

- Thermo layer charging lance
- Solar Layer tube heat exchanger
- Solar LOW FLOW heat exchanger
- 90 mm, shell insulation with aluminum
- Heater advance
- Layer charging lance (heater return)



#### The tank loading management:

The heated solar fluid flows thermo-oriented into the layered tube heat exchanger (2) through the thermo layer loading lance (1). This projects the energy yield to the surrounding storage medium. The LOW FLOW heat exchanger (3) in the upper tank area allows the shortest heating times.

- Quick availability of usable temperatures, even during short days of sunshine!
- Optimum use of low temperatures due to the HIGH FLOW heat exchanger (8) installed in the lower area.

#### Partially solar room heater:

Heat is removed from the layered tank by the heater advance tube (6) for the room heater. In order to avoid mixing the storage medium during heating, a layered charging lance (7) is installed in the heater return. The different return temperatures of the heating cycle are returned to the appropriate temperature zones of the tank.